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	Multiple Choice Questions		
Question 1:	Which among the following is not a physical change? 1. Melting of solids to liquids		
	2. Vaporisation of liquids to gases		
	 3. Liquefaction of gases to liquids 4. Decay of matter 		
	4. Decay of matter	Answer:	4
Question 2:	Which among the following is not a chemical change?	miswer.	
	1. Melting of ice		
	2. Carbon cycle		
	3. Dehydration of substances		
	4. Fermentation of substances		
		Answer:	1
Question 3:	Physical changes are		
	1. temporary		
	2. permanent 3. irreversible		
	4. endothermic		
	4. endothermic	Answer:	1
Question 4:	An example of a chemical change is	/ mower.	1
	1. formation of clouds		
	2. glowing of an electric light		
	3. dropping sodium into water		
	4. dissolving of salt in water		
		Answer:	3
Question 5:	Which of these will cause a chemical change to occur?		
	1. Grinding of wheat into flour		
	2. Lighting of a gas stove		
	 Evaporation of water from a lake Ringing of an electric bell 		
	T. Kinging of an electric ben	Answer:	2
Question 6:	Chemical changes are	1110.001	-
	1. temporary, reversible and a new substance is produced		
	2. always accompanied by exchange of light		
	3. permanent, irreversible and a new substance is produced		
	4. never accompanied by exchange of light and heat energy		
		Answer:	3
Orecetica 7.	Which of the following is a physical change?		
Question 7:	1 Solubility in water		
Question 7:	1. Solubility in water 2. Combustibility		
Question 7:	2. Combustibility		
Question 7:	2. Combustibility 3. Aerial oxidation		
Question 7:	2. Combustibility	Answer:	1

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Question 8:	Which of the following information is conveyed by a chemical rea	action?	
1. T	he colour changes taking place		
	The structure of the reactants and products		
	he absorption of energy only		
	he masses of the reactants and products involved in the react	ion	
		Answer:	4
Question 9:	Which is the correct symbol for manganese?		
	1. M		
	2. Ma		
	3. Mn		
	4. Mg		
		Answer:	3
Question 10:	The symbol H stands forof hydrogen.		
	1. one atom		
	2. one molecule		
	3. one ion		
	4. two atoms		
Opposition 11.	The compact formatile for withous distribution	Answer:	1
Question 11:	The correct formula for nitrogen dioxide is 1. NO		
	2. N_2O		
	$3. NO_2$		
	$4. N_2O_5$	A <i>i</i> a a a a a a a a a a	2
Question 12:	The correct formula for ammonium sulphate is	Answer:	3
	1. NH ₄ SO ₄		
	2. (NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄		
	3. $(NH_3)_2SO_4$		
	4. $(NH_4)_2(SO_4)_2$		
		Answer:	2
Question 13:	Which of the following is an incorrect formula?		
	$1. \operatorname{NaCl}_2$		
	$2. BaSO_4$		
	$3. H_2 CO_3$		
	4. P_2O_5		
		Answer:	1
Question 14:	In one molecule of ammonium sulphide there are		
	1. 0 atoms of N 9 atoms of U and 1 atom of 9		
	1. 2 atoms of N, 8 atoms of H, and 1 atom of S		
	2. 1 atom of N, 4 atoms of H, and 1 atom of S		
	3. 1 atom of N, 4 atoms of H, and 2 atoms of S		
	4. 2 atoms of N, 8 atoms of H, and 2 atoms of S	۸ مه مو	1
		Answer:	1
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Question 15:	CHEMICAL REACTIONS AND EQUATIONS The correctly balanced equation for		
	$\text{FeS}_2 + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3 + \text{SO}_2 \text{ is}$		
	1. $2 \text{FeS}_2 + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{Fe}_2 \text{O}_3 + 4 \text{SO}_2$		
	2. $2\text{FeS}_2 + 3\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3 + 4\text{SO}_2$		
	3. $4\text{FeS}_2 + 4\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3 + 2\text{SO}_2$		
	4. $4\text{FeS}_2 + 11\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3 + 8\text{SO}_2$		
		Answer:	4
Question 16:	The sign used to indicate a reversible reaction is		
	$1. \rightarrow$		
	2. ≅ 3. ←		
	3. <u>*</u> 4.		
	4.	Answer:	4
Question 17:	Breaking of lead bromide into lead and bromine is an example of		
	1. decomposition reaction		
	2. synthesis reaction		
	3. displacement reaction		
	4. neutralisation reaction		
Question 18:	In the equation	Answer:	1
Question 10.	$PbO_2 + 4HCI \rightarrow PbCl_2 + 2H_2O + Cl_2$		
	the substance undergoing oxidation is		
	1. lead dioxide		
	2. hydrochloric acid		
	3. Hydrogen		
	4. lead chloride		
		Answer:	2
Question 19:	NaCl + AgNO ₃ \rightarrow AgCl + NaNO ₃ is an example of		
	1. neutralization reaction		
	2. redox reaction		
	3. double displacement reaction		
	4. decomposition reaction	Answer:	3
Question 20:	In the reaction: the white precipitate seen is due to	miswer.	0
	$BaCl_2 + ZnSO_4 \rightarrow ZnCl_2 + BaSO_4$,		
	$1. ZnCl_2$		
	$2. BaSO_4$		
	$3. \operatorname{BaCl}_2$		
	$4. ZnSO_4$	Answer:	2

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Question 21:	A white solid which is yellow when cooling is	1 hot but changes to white ag	gain on	
	1. PbO			
	2. CaO			
	3. Ag ₂ C)		
	4. ZnO			
Question 22:	From the given list, the nitrate wh	ich gives metal, NO_2 and O_2	Answer: on heating is	4
	 1. NH4NC)3		
	$2. \text{ NaNO}_3$			
	$3. \text{ AgNO}_3$			
	4. Cu(NO			
		572	Answer:	3
Question 23:	The products of a burning candle	are		
	1. ash and wate	r vapour		
	2. CO_2 and wate	er vapour		
	3. wax and wate	r vapour		
	4. only melted w	/ax		
			Answer:	2
Question 24:	Which of these metals do not c	orrode?		
	1. Lead			
	2. Copper			
	3. Platinu	ım		
	4. Silver			
			Answer:	3
Question 25:	The formula for rust is			
	1. CuO			
	2. $Fe_2O_3.xl$	H_2O		
	3. Al ₂ O ₃			
	4. AgS			
			Answer:	2
Question 26:	The main cause of rancidity in	foods is		
	1. Bacteria			
	2. Proteins			
	3. Antioxidants			
	4. Oxidation of the fatt	y acid molecule		
		-	Answer:	4
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